## Power analyzers and Energy Meters Power Analyzer Type WM14 96 "Advanced version"

## CARLO GAVAZZI



- Protection degree (front): IP65
- 2 digital outputs
- 16 freely configurable alarms with OR/AND logic linkable with up to 2 digital outputs
- RS422/485 serial output (MODBUS-RTU), iFIX SCADA compatibility


## Product Description

3 -phase advanced power analyzer with integrated programming key-pad. Particularly recommended for the measurement of the main electrical variables.

- Class 1 (kWh), Class 2 (kvarh)
- Accuracy $\pm 0.5$ F.S. (current/voltage)
- Power Analyzer
- Instantaneous variables read-out: 3 DGT
- Energies readout: 8+1 DGT
- System variables: $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{LL}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{LN}}, \mathrm{An}, \mathrm{A}_{\text {dmd max }}, \mathrm{VA}, \mathrm{VA}_{\text {dmd }}, \mathrm{VA}_{\text {dmd }}$ ${ }_{\text {max }}, \mathbf{W}$, W $_{\text {dmd }}, W_{\text {dmd max }}$, var, PF, Hz, ASY
- Single phase variables: $V_{L L}, V_{L N}, V_{L N}$ min,$V_{L N}$ max $, A, A_{\text {min }}$,

- Harmonic analysis (FFT) up to the $\mathbf{1 5}^{\text {th }}$ harmonic (current and voltage)
- Four quadrant power measurement
- Energy measurements: total and partial kWh and kvarh
- Hour counter (5+2 DGT)
- TRMS meas. of distorted sine waves (voltages/currents)
- Universal power supply: 90 to 260 VAC/DC, 18 to 60 VAC/DC
- Front dimensions: 96x96mm
- Voltage asymmetry, phase sequence, phase loss control

How to order WM14-96 AV5 3 HR2 S1 AX
Model
Range code
System
Power supply
Output 1
Output 2
Option

## Type Selection



## Input specifications

| Rated inputs | System type: 3 | Phase-neutral voltage | $\pm(0.5 \%$ FS + 1 DGT) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Current <br> Voltage | 3 (Shunts) <br> 4 | Active and Apparent power, | $0.25 \text { to } 6 \mathrm{~A}: \pm(1 \% \text { FS +1DGT); }$ |
| Accuracy (display, RS485) (@25 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \pm 5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, R.H. $\leq 60 \%$ ) | with $\mathrm{CT}=1$ and $\mathrm{VT}=1 \mathrm{AV} 5$ : 1150W-VA-var, FS:230VLN, 400VLL; AV6: 285W-VA-var, FS:57VLN, 100VLL | Reactive power | $\begin{aligned} & \text { +5DGT) } \\ & 0.25 \text { to } 6 \mathrm{~A}: \pm(2 \% \text { FS }+1 \mathrm{DGT}) \text {; } \\ & 0.03 \mathrm{~A} \text { to } 0.25 \mathrm{~A}: \pm(2 \% \mathrm{FS} \\ & \text { +5DGT) } \end{aligned}$ |
| Current | 0.25 to $6 \mathrm{~A}: \pm(0.5 \%$ FS $+1 \mathrm{DGT})$ 0.03 A to $0.25 \mathrm{~A}: \pm(0.5 \% \mathrm{FS}+7 \mathrm{DGT})$ | Active energy Reactive energy | Class 1 (I start up: 30 mA ) Class 2 (I start up: 30 mA ) |
| Neutral current | 0.25 to $6 \mathrm{~A}: \pm(1.5 \%$ FS +1 DGT ) 0.09 A to 0.25A: $\pm(1.5 \%$ FS +7DGT) | Frequency Harmonic distortion | $\pm 0.1 \% \mathrm{~Hz}$ ( 48 to 62 Hz ) <br> $\pm 3 \%$ F.S. (up to $15^{\text {th }}$ harmonic) |
| Phase-phase voltage | $\pm(1.5 \%$ FS +1 DGT) |  | (F.S.: 100\%) |

## Input specifications (cont.)

| Additional errors <br> Humidity | $\leq 0.3 \% \mathrm{FS}, 60 \%$ to $90 \% \mathrm{RH}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Temperature drift | $\leq 200 \mathrm{ppm} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Sampling rate | $1600 \mathrm{samples} / \mathrm{s} @ 50 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
|  | 1900 samples $/ \mathrm{s} @ 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Display refresh time | 200 ms (FFT off) |
|  | 500 ms (FFT on) |
| Display |  |
| Type | LED, 14mm |
| Read-out for instant. var. | $3 \times 3 \mathrm{DGT}$ |
| Read-out for energies | $3+3+3 \mathrm{DGT}$ (Max indication: |
|  | $99999999.9)$ |
| Read-out for hour counter | $1+3+3 \mathrm{DGT}$ (Max. indication: |
|  | $99999.99)$ |


| Measurements | Current, voltage, power, |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | power factor, frequency |
| Type | TRMS measurement of |
| Coupling type | Direct |
| Crest factor | $<3$, max 10A peak |
| Input impedance |  |
| 380/660VLL ${ }_{\text {L }}$ (AV5) | $1.6 \mathrm{M} \Omega \pm 5 \%$ |
| 120/208V L-L (AV6) | $1.6 \mathrm{M} \Omega \pm 5 \%$ |
| Current | $\leq 0.02 \Omega$ |
| Frequency | 48 to 62 Hz |
| Overload protection | (max values) |
| Continuous: voltage/current | AV5: 460VLı, 800VL/6A |
|  | AV6: 145 V LN, 250VL/6A |
| For 500ms: voltage/current | AV5: $800 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {LN }}, 1380 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {L }} / 36 \mathrm{~A}$ AV6: $240 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{LN}}, 416 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{L}} / 36 \mathrm{~A}$ |

## Output Specifications

| Digital outputs |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| Number of outputs | Up to 2 |
| Type | Programmable from 0.01 to 500 |
|  | pulses per kWh/kvarh |
|  | Pulse duration |
|  | $\geq 100 \mathrm{~ms}<120 \mathrm{msec}$ (ON), |
|  | $\geq 100 \mathrm{~ms}$ (OFF) |
|  | according to EN62053-31 |
| Alarm type |  |
| Number of outputs | Up to 2, independent |
| Alarm modes | Up alarm, down alarm, in |
|  | window alarm, out window |
|  | alarm. Start-up deactiva- |
|  | tion function available for |
|  | all kinds of alarm. All of |
|  | them connectable on all |
|  | variables (see the table "List |
|  | of the variables that can be |
|  | connected to") |
| Set-point adjustment | From 0 to $100 \%$ of the display scale |
| Hysteresis | display scale <br> From 0 to full scale |
| On-time delay | $0 \text { to 255s }$ |
| Output status | Selectable; normally |
|  | de-energized and normally |
|  | energized |
| Min. response time | $\leq 400 \mathrm{~ms}$, filters excluded, |
|  | With FFT off; $\leq 15$, with FFT on. |
|  | Set-point on-time delay: " 0 s " |
| Note | The 2 digital outputs |
|  | can also work as pulse |
|  | output and alarm |
|  | output. |
| Static outputs |  |
| Purpose | For pulse outputs or for |
|  | alarm outputs |
| Signal | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {on }} 1.2 \mathrm{VDC} / \mathrm{max} .100 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
|  | Voff 30 VDC max. |
| Insulation | By means of optocuplers, |
|  | $4000 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {RMS }}$ output to measu- |
|  | ring inputs, |
|  | $4000 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {RMS }}$ output to power |
|  | supply input. |



Software functions


## CARLO GAVAZZI

## Power Supply Specifications

| AC/DC voltage | 90 to $260 \mathrm{VAC} / \mathrm{DC}$ <br> 16 to $60 \mathrm{VAC} / \mathrm{DC}$ | Power consumption | AC: 6 VA <br> $\mathrm{DC}: 3.5 \mathrm{~W}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## General Specifications

| Operating temperature | $0^{\circ} \text { to }+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(32^{\circ} \text { to } 122^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ (RH <90\% non condensing) | Immunity | EN61000-6-2 industrial environment. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Storage | $-10^{\circ}$ to $+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(14^{\circ}\right.$ to $\left.140^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ | Pulse voltage (1.2/50 $\mathrm{s}_{\text {s }}$ | EN61000-4-5 |
| temperature | (RH <90\% non condensing) | Safety standards | IEC60664, IEC61010-1 |
| Overvoltage category | Cat. III (IEC 60664, EN60664) |  | EN60664, EN61010-1 |
| Insulation (for 1 minute) | $4 \mathrm{kVAC}_{\text {rms }}$ between measuring inputs and power supply. 4kVAC/DC @ I $\leq 3 \mathrm{~mA}$ between measuring inputs and RS485. 4 kVAC rms between power supply and RS485. | Approvals | CE |
|  |  | Connections 5(6) A Max cable cross sect. area | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Screw-type } \\ & 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | Housing |  |
|  |  | Dimensions (WxHxD) <br> M aterial | $96 \times 96 \times 63 \mathrm{~mm}$ <br> ABS <br> self-extinguishing: UL 94 V-0 |
|  |  | Mounting | Panel |
| Dielectric strength | 4 kVAC RMS (for 1 min ) | Protection degree | Front: IP65 (standard) |
| EMC |  |  | Connections: IP20 |
| Emissions | EN61000-6-3 residential environment, commerce and light industry | Weight | Approx. 400 g (pack. incl.) |

## Insulation between inputs and outputs

|  | Measuring Inputs V | Measuring Inputs A | Relay outputs | Open collector outputs | Communication Port | Power Supply 90-260VAC/DC | Power Supply 18-60VAC/DC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Measuring Inputs V | - | - | 4 kV | 4 kV | 2.5 kV | 4 kV | 4kV |
| Measuring Inputs A | - | - | 4 kV | 4 kV | 2.5 kV | 4kV | 4 kV |
| Relay outputs | 4kV | 4 kV | - | - | 2.5 kV | 4kV | 4kV |
| Open col. outputs | 4kV | 4kV | - | - | 2.5 kV | 4kV | 4kV |
| Communication Port | 2.5 kV | 2.5 kV | - | - | - | 4kV | 4kV |
| 90-260VAC/DC | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | - | - |
| 18-60VAC/DC | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4 kV | 4 kV | - | - |

NOTE: In case of fault of first insulation the current from the measuring inputs to the ground is lower than 2 mA .

List of the variables that can be connected to:

- RS485/RS422 communication port
- Alarm outputs ("max / min" variable, "energies" and "hour counter" excluded)
- Pulse outputs (only "energies")

| No | Variable | 1-phase system | 2-phase system | 3-ph. 4-wire balanced sys. | 3-ph. 4-wire unbal. sys. | 3 ph. 3-wire bal. sys. | 3 ph. 3-wire unbal. sys. | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | V L1 | X | X | X | x | 0 | 0 | - $\star$ |
| 2 | V L2 | 0 | X | X | X | 0 | 0 | * $\star$ |
| 3 | V L3 | 0 | 0 | x | x | 0 | 0 | - $\star$ |
| 4 | V L-N sys | 0 | x | x | x | 0 | 0 | Sys = system |
| 5 | V L1-2 | 0 | x | x | x | x | x |  |
| 6 | V L2-3 | 0 | x | x | X | X | x |  |
| 7 | V L3-1 | 0 | 0 | x | X | X | X |  |
| 8 | V L-L sys | 0 | X | X | X | X | X | Sys = system |
| 9 | A L1 | X | X | X | X | X | X | - $\star$ |
| 10 | A L2 | 0 | X | X | X | X | X | * $\star$ |
| 11 | A L3 | 0 | 0 | x | x | X | X | - $\star$ |
| 12 | An | 0 | X | x | x | X | X |  |
| 13 | W L1 | X | x | X | X | 0 | 0 | - |
| 14 | W L2 | 0 | X | x | x | 0 | 0 | - |
| 16 | W L3 | 0 | 0 | x | X | 0 | 0 | $\bullet$ |
| 17 | W sys | 0 | X | X | X | X | X | Sys = system |
| 18 | var L1 | X | X | X | X | 0 | 0 |  |
| 19 | var L2 | 0 | x | x | x | 0 | 0 |  |
| 20 | var L3 | 0 | 0 | X | X | 0 | 0 |  |
| 21 | var sys | 0 | x | X | X | X | X | Sys = system |
| 22 | VA L1 | X | X | X | X | 0 |  |  |
| 23 | VA L2 | 0 | x | x | x | 0 | 0 |  |
| 24 | VA L3 | 0 | 0 | x | x | 0 | 0 |  |
| $\underline{25}$ | VA sys | 0 | X | X | X | X | X | Sys = system |
| 26 | PF L1 | X | X | X | X | 0 | 0 | $\star$ |
| $\underline{27}$ | PF L2 | 0 | X | X | X | 0 | 0 | $\star$ |
| 28 | PF L3 | 0 | 0 | X | X | 0 | 0 | $\star$ |
| 29 | PF sys | 0 | X | x | X | X | X | Sys = system |
| 30 | Hz | X | X | x | X | X | X |  |
| 31 | Phase seq. | 0 | x | x | X | x | X |  |
| 32 | ASY L-N | 0 | X | x | X | X | X |  |
| 33 | ASY L-L | 0 | X | x | x | X | X |  |
| 34 | Phase loss | 0 | X | X | X | X | X |  |
| 35 | VA sys dmd | X | x | x | X | X | X | Sys = system |
| 36 | W sys dmd | X | X | x | X | X | X | Sys = system |
| 37 | A L1 dmd | x | X | X | X | X | X | - |
| 38 | A L2 dmd | 0 | X | X | X | X | X | - |
| 39 | A L3 dmd | 0 | 0 | x | x | X | X | - |
| 40 | A L dmd | X | X | X | X | X | X | $\square$ |
| 41 | A L1 THD | X | x | x | X | X | X |  |
| 42 | A L2 THD | 0 | X | x | X | x | X |  |
| 43 | A L3 THD | 0 | 0 | X | x | X | X |  |
| 44 | V L1 THD | X | X | X | X | X | X |  |
| 45 | V L2 THD | 0 | X | X | X | X | X |  |
| 46 | V L3 THD | 0 | 0 | X | X | X | X |  |
| 47 | kWh | X | X | x | X | x | x | Total and partial |
| 48 | kvarh | X | x | x | x | X | X | Total and partial |
| 49 | hours | x | x | x | x | x | x |  |

$(x)=$ available $\quad(0)=$ not available
$(\star)$ These variables are available also as MAX detection and data storage (on EEPROM at power down),
( $\star$ ) These variables are available also as M IN detection and data storage (on EEPROM at power down).
(■) Highest value among the 3 -phase.
(O) Alarm available only on the consumed power (+).

## CARLO GAVAZZI

## Alarm parameters and logic



- Block enable.
- Controlled variable (VLN, ...).
- Alarm type (up, down, window int, window ext).
- Activation function.
- ON set-point.
- OFF set-point.
- ON delay.
- Logical function (AND, OR).
- Digital output (1, 2).

A, B, C... up to 16 parameter control blocks.

Up alarm
On alarm > Off alarm

Down alarm
On alarm < Off alarm

In window alarm

Out window alarm with start up deactivation

Note: any alarm working mode can be linked to the "Start-up deactivation" function which disables only the first alarm after power on of the instrument.

## AND/OR logical alarm examples:



## Display pages

Display variables in 3-phase systems (in a 3-phase system with neutral)

| No | $1^{\text {st }}$ variable | $2^{\text {nd }}$ variable | $3^{\text {rd }}$ variable | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | \% | "ASY" | "L N" | Phase to neutral asymmetry |
| 2 | V L1 | V L2 | V L3 |  |
| 3 | V LN sys |  | PF sys | Sys = system |
| 4 | V LL sys |  | PF sys | Decimal point blinking on the right of the display |
| 5 | V L1 2 | V L2 3 | V L3 1 | Decimal point blinking on the right of the display |
| 6 | \% | "ASY" | "L L" | Phase to phase asymmetry |
| 7 | "PH" | "SEq" | 123/132 | Phase sequence |
| 8 | A L1 | A L2 | A L3 |  |
| 9 | A dmd L1 | A dmd L2 | A dmd L3 | dmd = demand (integration time selectable from 1 to 30 minutes) |
| 10 | An | " n " | Hz | An= neutral current |
| 11 | W L1 | W L2 | W L3 |  |
| 12 | W dmd L1 | W dmd L2 | W dmd L3 | dmd = demand (integration time selectable from 1 to 30 minutes) |
| 13 | PF L1 | PF L2 | PF L3 |  |
| 14 | var L1 | var L2 | var L3 |  |
| 15 | VA L1 | VA L2 | VA L3 |  |
| 16 | VA sys | W sys | var sys |  |
| 17 | VA dmd sys | W dmd sys | Hz | dmd = demand (integration time selectable from 1 to 30 minutes) |
| 18 | V max L1 | $V \max$ L2 | $V$ max L3 | Max value of phase to neutral voltage |
| 19 | V min L1 | $V$ min L2 | $V$ min L3 | Min value of phase to neutral voltage |
| 20 | A max L1 | A max L2 | A max L3 | M ax value of current |
| 21 | A min L1 | A min L2 | A min L3 | M in value of current |
| 22 | W max L1 | W max L2 | W max L3 | M ax value of W |
| 23 | PF min L1 | PF min L2 | PF min L3 | M in value of PF |
| 24 | VA dmd sys max | W dmd sys max | "H" | Max system dmd |
| 25 | A dmd max |  | "H" | Highest value among the 3-phase |
| 26 | V L1 THD | V L2 THD | V L3 THD |  |
| 27 | A L1 THD | A L2 THD | A L3 THD |  |
| 28 | h (MSD) | h | h (LSD) | Hour counter |
| 29 | kvarh (MSD) | kvarh | kvarh (LSD) | Partial counter |
| 30 | kWh (MSD) | kWh | kWh (LSD) | Partial counter |
| 31 | kvarh (MSD) | kvarh | kvarh (LSD) | Total counter |
| 32 | kWh (MSD) | kWh | kWh (LSD) | Total counter |

MSD: most significant digit
LSD: least significant digit


1) Example of kWh visualization:

This example is showing 15933453.7 kWh

## 2) Example of kvarh visualization:

This example is showing 3553944.9 kvarh


## Waveform of the signals that can be measured



Figure A
Sine wave, undistorted
Fundamental content Harmonic content
$\mathrm{A}_{\text {rms }}=$

100\%
0\%
$1.1107|\overline{\mathrm{~A}}|$


Figure B
Sine wave, indented
Fundamental content Harmonic content Frequency spectrum: 3rd to 16th harmonic Additional error: <1\% FS


Figure C
Sine wave, distorted
Fundamental content
70...90\%
10...30\%

Frequency spectrum: 3rd to 16th harmonic Additional error: <0.5\% FS

## Accuracy

Wh, accuracy (RDG) depending on the current

varh, accuracy (RDG) depending on the current

——Accuracy limits (Reactive energy)
5(6A) Start-up current: 30 mA

## Used calculation formulas

Phase variables
Instantaneous effective voltage
$V_{I N}=\sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \cdot \sum_{1}^{n}\left(V_{I N}\right)_{1}^{2}}$
Instantaneous active power
$W_{1}=\frac{1}{n} \cdot \sum_{1}^{n}\left(V_{i W}\right)_{i} \cdot\left(A_{1}\right)_{1}$
Instantaneous power factor
$\cos \phi_{1}=\frac{W_{1}}{V A_{1}}$
Instantaneous effective current
$A_{1}=\sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \cdot \sum_{1}^{n}\left(A_{1}\right)_{1}^{2}}$
Instantaneous apparent power
$V A_{T}=V_{T N} \cdot A_{1}$
Instantaneous reactive power
$\operatorname{VAr}_{1}=\sqrt{\left(\text { VA }_{1}\right)^{2}-\left(W_{1}\right)^{2}}$

## System variables

Equivalent three-phase voltage
$V_{\Sigma}=\frac{V_{12}+V_{23}+V_{31}}{3}$
Voltage asymmetry
$A S Y_{L L}=\frac{\left(V_{L L \text { max }}-V_{L L \text { min }}\right)}{V_{L L} \Sigma}$
$A S Y_{L N}=\frac{\left(V_{L N \max }-V_{L N \min }\right)}{V_{L N} \Sigma}$
Three-phase reactive power
$V A r_{I}=\left(V A r_{1}+V A r_{2}+V A r_{3}\right)$
Neutral current
$\mathbf{A n}=\overline{\mathbf{A}}_{\mathrm{L} 1}+\overline{\mathbf{A}}_{\mathrm{L} 2}+\overline{\mathbf{A}}_{\mathrm{L} 3}$
Three-phase active power
$W_{\Sigma}=W_{1}+W_{2}+W_{3}$
Three-phase apparent power
$V A_{\Sigma}=\sqrt{W_{\Sigma}{ }^{2}+V A r_{\Sigma}{ }^{2}}$

Three-phase power factor
$\cos \phi_{\Sigma}=\frac{W_{\Sigma}}{V A_{\Sigma}}$

## Harmonic Analysis

| Analysis principle | FFT | Display of harmonic values | THD \% |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Harmonic measurement <br> Current <br> Voltage | Up to 15th harmonic <br> Up to 15th harmonic |  | Others <br> The harmonic distortion <br> can be measured in both <br> 3-wire or 4-wire systems. |
| Type of harmonics | THD (NL1) <br> THD (NL2) <br> THD (NL3) <br> THD (AL1) <br> THD (AL2) <br> THD (AL3) |  |  |

## Wiring diagrams

When the CT is connected to earth, a leakage current from 0 to 1.8 mA max is generated, whose value depends on the input impedance values of the instrument, on the type of connection and on the line voltage measured by the instrument.


NOTE: the current inputs can be connected to the mains ONLY by means of current transformers. The direct connection is not allowed.

## Wiring diagrams

When the CT is connected to earth, a leakage current from 0 to 1.8 mA max is generated, whose value depends on the input impedance values of the instrument, on the type of connection and on the line voltage measured by the instrument.


NOTE: the current inputs can be connected to the mains ONLY by means of current transformers. The direct connection is not allowed.

## Output connections



Open collector outputs: The load resistance (Rc) must be designed so that the closed contact current is lower than 100 mA ; the VDC voltage must be lower than or equal to 30 V . VDC: external power supply voltage. Out: positive output contact (open collector transistor). GND: ground output contact (open collector transistor).

## Relay out. <br> RS485 port



Fig. 15


Fig. 16


Fig. 17

Front Panel Description


## 1. Display

LED-type with alphanumeric indications to:

- display configuration parameters;
- display all the measured variables.

2. Key-pad

To program the configuration parameters and the display of the variables.

## S

Key to enter programming and confirm selections;

Keys to:

- programme values;
- select functions;
- display measuring pages.


## Dimensions and Panel Cut-out



